

## 2009 CAV Syllabus

### LATIN I

- NOUNS
  - Declensions 1, 2, and 3
  - Case Uses
    - Nominative: subject, predicate nominative
    - Genitive: possession
    - Dative: indirect object
    - Accusative : direct object, object of prepositions, place to which
    - Ablative: accompaniment. manner, means, object of prepositions, place from which, place where, time when
    - Vocative: direct address
- ADJECTIVES AND ADVERBS
  - Declensions 1-2, 3
  - positive only
- VERBS
  - indicative: all conjugations; present, imperfect, future, and perfect tenses only; active voice
  - imperative: positive, singular and plural
  - infinitive: present active only; complementary
  - irregulars: *sum, possum*

### LATIN II

- NOUNS
  - Declensions 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5
  - Case Uses
    - Nominative: subject, predicate nominative
    - Genitive: possession, partitive
    - Dative: indirect object, with special adjectives, object of special verbs, possession
    - Accusative: direct object, object of prepositions, place to which, duration of time, extent of space, subject of infinitive in indirect statement
    - Ablative: accompaniment, manner, means, object of prepositions, place from which, place where, time when, agent, absolute, comparison, degree of difference, description
    - Vocative: direct address
    - Locative: place where with cities, towns, small islands, *domus, rus*
- ADJECTIVES AND ADVERBS
  - Declensions 1, 2, 3
  - positive, comparative, and superlative
  - *hic, ille, iste, idem, ipse*
- PRONOUNS
  - personal, interrogative, relative, reflexive, and demonstratives listed above

- VERBS
  - indicative: all conjugations, all tenses, active and passive
  - imperative: present active and passive, positive and negative
  - infinitives: present active and passive, perfect active and passive, future active
  - irregulars: *sum, possum, eo, fero, volo, nolo*
  - participles: present active, perfect passive, future active
  - deponents
  - **There will be no subjunctives, no gerunds, no gerundives**

### ADVANCED LATIN PROSE

- GRAMMAR: The entire corpus of standard prose Latin grammar.
- READINGS: Selections from the prose authors from these POST-LEVEL-TWO texts: *Ecce Romani*, Longman's *Fabulae Romanae*, *Latin for Americans*, Oxford, Cambridge, and Jenney-Scudder. There MAY be one Cicero passage on this test. This is NOT meant to impose a syllabus on any Latin III program, but rather to define the limits of sources that a test-writer may use. The sight translation may come from any Latin prose author.

### VERGIL

- GRAMMAR: The entire corpus of standard prose Latin grammar, including poetic forms and meter as indicated by the AP syllabus.
- READINGS: Selections from the current AP syllabus of Vergil's *Aeneid* through Book IV, line 804, with sight translation from non-AP parts of Books 3, 5, 7-12.
- LITERARY DEVICES: as found in the *Aeneid*.

### CATULLUS

- GRAMMAR: The entire corpus of standard prose Latin grammar, including poetic forms and meter as indicated in the AP Syllabus.
- READINGS: Selections from the 2006-2007 AP syllabus of Catullus' *Carmina*.
- LITERARY DEVICES: as found in Catullus' *Carmina*.

N.B. Because it is not practical to offer separate examinations on Horace, Ovid, or Cicero's *Pro Caelio*, the CAV has to assume that the Catullus part of the AP Latin Literature syllabus will be taught first.